

THE CHAMPION CIRCULAR

VOLUME 20

CHAMPION, ALBERTA THURSDAY, MAY 5TH 1938

NUMBER 18

McIntyre & Company

Phone 6

"Your Hardware Merchants"
AND WESTINGHOUSE DEALER

BASKETBALL TEAMS PLAY GOOD GAME

The Staveloy Quint high school basketball team played the Champion girls last Friday in a fast and fairly even contested game. The Champion girls had the edge of play particularly in goal zones, and came through with a win of 128 over the Staveloy girls. A return game will be played soon weather and roads permitting. S Lindstedt was the referee.

SEEDING HELD UP WITH GENEROUS MOISTURE

The rain which commenced early on Sunday and continued until Monday morning completely drenched the district and will delay farm operations for several days. Over one inch of moisture was registered in town. The by-roads are in a serious condition and a great deal of trouble has been encountered by van drivers. Only a small portion of seeding is completed; however, the moisture is welcomed.

PROTECT YOUR JOHN DEERE EQUIPMENT

USE ONLY GENUINE JOHN DEERE PARTS

When JOHN DEERE made his first steel plow He gave it to his best In thought and knowledge, strength and skill, And all that he possessed,

From that time forth his rule was this:— "I will not put my name On anything I make or sell, unless My best I doth contain."

ONE HUNDRED YEARS his name has stood For VALUE, true as steel.

His factories still perpetuate This standard and ideal.

The JOHN DEERE line of farm machines Is used from Zone to Zone—

Let now these facts about repairs Be made as widely known:—

A standard high uphold; Made of the best materials, Exact in size and mould.

None but the real JOHN DEERE Repairs Give trust fit and wear—

(Though other firms may copy them, The value is not there).

No man who builds a first-class barn, Puts on a roof of thatch, Or second grade lumber—

He makes the roof to match! Then why equip his JOHN DEERE Plow With "imitation" shares?

Or on his JOHN DEERE Tractor use Aught else than DEERE Repairs?

On any JOHN DEERE implement— (Let this be made quite clear)—

No other parts will satisfy Like those marked with "JOHN DEERE!"

SEE YOUR LOCAL DEALER

W. M. DIEMERT
CHAMPION

GOODS THAT WILL BE APPRECIATED FOR MOTHER'S DAY

Satin slips, lace trimmed, small, med. large, ea. \$1.25
Silk gloves, all new shades, per pair 50c
Leather purses, white and colors, each \$1.00
Boxed handkerchiefs, in large variety, per box 40c
Artificial flowers, in great variety, 10c and 25c
Silk hose, in crepe & service weight, orient 75c \$1.00
Print dresses, latest styles, all sizes, 95c to \$2.25
Fancy Rayon Bed Spreads, in all colors, each \$2.50
Towel sets, cellophane wrapped, 40c to \$1.25
Rayon table cloths, 60c to \$2.00
Silk scarfs, in several styles, each 75c
Bridge sets, 95c

Phone 34 McCULLOUGH BROS. Phone 34
CHAMPION, ALBERTA

SLETTO FAMILIES BEREAVED

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Amelia Sletto, who passed away at the Carmangany hospital at April 28, after ten days illness, were held in Moscow, Idaho, on Wednesday May 4.

Mrs. Sletto was born in Norway in 1862, and when a young girl she migrated, with her parents, to the United States where she has resided since, having spent the last few years of her life in Spokane. Her husband predeceased her in 1933. On April 2nd, of this year, she came here to visit her children. Later in the month she developed a cold which was followed by pneumonia and although all was done that loving hands could do, she passed away.

She leaves to mourn her loss five sons, Martin, Oscar and Fred of Champion, Tom of Spokane; two daughters, Mrs. Clara Wilson of Moscow and Mrs. George Fallquist of Spokane, nineteen grandchildren and two great grandchildren. Mrs. Wilson, Oscar, Tom and Martin Sletto and Fred Gottenberg accompanied the remains to Moscow.

Martin Bros. of Lethbridge, were in charge of the arrangements.

The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the Sletto family in their sad loss.

How Much Is It Going To Cost You To Summer-fallow In 1938?

On seven District Experimental Sub-stations the actual outlay for fallowing an acre in 1937 varied from 50 to 95 cents per acre. The number of operations during the season varied from two to four making the average cost about 27 cents per operation.

Experience has shown that the normal rainfall on the prairie is not sufficient to grow a crop of wheat every year. Therefore, summer fallowing is practiced to store a reserve supply of moisture in the soil. It has been shown beyond all doubt that weeds are the principal means of depleting moisture supplies in fallow land. Consequently, the only reason for working the fallow is to prevent weed growth. The fewer the number of operations the cheaper is the cost of fallowing and with the surface method of cultivation more trash will be preserved on the surface as a protection against soil drifting.

LOCALS

Andrew Anderson of Lethbridge spent Sunday visiting at his home here.

Miss Gloria Comolini was a week end guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Bozarth.

W. F. Hamilton celebrated his birthday quietly on Sunday, May 1.

Mrs. Comolini and family accompanied by Mrs. F. Clover and Mrs. A. W. Jopling were Lethbridge visitors, Saturday.

Mrs. J. P. Tate of Honolulu was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Brown McDonald for the last three weeks enroute to point east.

Vulcan will celebrate the 24th of May this year with a soft ball tournament for men and girls. A large number of other attractions, with Tractor races and machinery displays.

Mrs. George Harper was called to Champion over the week end due to the critical condition of Arthur Nelson, who is a patient in the Carmangany hospital. Mr. Nelson's condition has improved however and it is expected his progress will continue.

A number of members of the local A. Y. P. A. motored to Lethbridge last Friday evening and were guests of the Lethbridge A. Y. P. A. at a dance in the Marquis hotel. A very pleasant evening was enjoyed by those present.

Mr. and Mrs. N. M. St. Peter of Milo passed through town on Saturday enroute to Milk River where they have taken over the management of the hotel. Howard and Douglas St. Peter will remain in Milo until the completion of their school term.

K. R. McLennan, Optometrist and Optician, 209 and 210 South Main Bldg., Calgary will be in Carmangany at the Drug Store, Tuesday morning, May 17th, and in Champion at the Drug Store Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Oldfield Will Be Guest Speaker

The Champion Women's Institute will meet on Tuesday, May 10, at 3 p. m. in the United church.

The address for the afternoon will be given by Mrs. Oldfield (Mile), (nee Wynnefield Gilhooley) former Girls Work Secretary of Alberta. She visited Champion some years ago as a speaker for teen age girls, and was very well received. Her topic, it is expected, will be "Vocations for Girls."

The Institute extends a hearty invitation to all high school girls and their mothers to come to the meeting to hear Mrs. Oldfield and to meet her.

She has a charming personality and is a fluent speaker.

Roll Call—Birds I have seen in Champion.

Refreshment Convenor—Mrs. F. Little.

NOW YOU KNOW

Passenger (to negro porter) while on a train from New York: "What time do we get to New York George?"

Porter: "We is due to get there at 11 unless you has set your watch by Eastern time, which would make it 2.15. Then of course, if you is poor by daylight savings time, it would be 3.15, unless we is an hour an' fifty minutes late - which we is."

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY STAFF FOUNDATION LIBRARY

Something new in group education for adults is to be found in the newly published Staff Foundation Library of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The ten books comprising this library cover all phases of the company's operations in addition to encouraging study designed to make Canadian Pacific employees better citizens.

The volumes were arranged and edited by John Murray Gibson, general publicity agent of the Company.

Publication of the books followed the requests of many employees for a reading guide and source of information on matters affecting good citizenship, such as Canadian history, geography, and economics. The name "Foundation Library" has been aptly chosen because it is hoped that reading of the books will encourage company employees to further study, to aid which a list of other books on similar subjects has been printed in the back of each volume.

Working with the distribution problem the Company's Educational Committee wisely decided that in addition to presenting information on a wide range of serious subjects, the cost must be low to appeal to the largest number of employees possible. Sir Alexander G. B. H. E., K. C., LL. D., chairman and president, and the company's employees, must be able to obtain the books possible by ruling that the company should absorb more than half the cost of the books.

Only two of the books deal specifically with the railway's problems and its history. These books are "Canadian Pacific Facts and Figures" and "Factors in Railway and Steamship Operation." They contain a brief history of the Canadian Pacific as well as facts and figures illustrating the many activities and accomplishments of the various services of the company on land and sea. These are supplemented by interesting features such as an analysis of the organization of the company into its various departments.

Other books are "Speaking in Public," revised and enlarged for use of study groups and debating clubs, by Frank House Kirkpatrick, special lecturer in public reading and speaking in McMaster University; the University of Toronto Extension Courses, etc. Included in the book are specimen addresses by great Canadians.

"Correspondence and Salesmanship" in three parts. Part 1 is "Letter Letters" by A. M. Kennedy, Sir Isaac Pitman and Sons; Part 2, "The Personality of the Salesman," by William F. Gregory, B. A. instructor in salesmanship and vocational adviser, Western High School of Commerce, Toronto; Part 3, "Salesmanship as applied to Railway Traffic," by Charles E. Parks.

"A Dictionary of Correct English," by M. Alderton-Pink, M. A., Sir Isaac Pitman and Sons. This is a manual of information and advice concerning grammar, idiom, use of words, points of style, punctuation, pronunciation and other practical matters.

"French Let's-Talk," the Thimble System, by J. Laflotte, B. A., principal French master, City of London School. Of interest to Canadian people is a list of conversational phrases adapted to requirements of rail passenger traffic, telephone business, and steamship business.

"The Dominion of Canada," an economic geography, economic history and the political institutions of Canada, in three parts by Neil F. Morrison, M. A.; Herbert Houston, professor of economic history, University of Minnesota; and political institutions of Canada, adapted from a survey made by a committee of the Montreal Junior Board of Trade.

"An Introduction to Economics" for Canadian readers, by Duncan Macdonald Macdonald, professor of political economy in the University of Alberta.

"The History of Canada Through Biography," by W. J. Kay, director of Education, Ontario. In addition to short biographies of most famous Canadians is a special section concerning the four presidents of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

"Canada's Songs," containing 100 familiar songs arranged for four voices and suitable for the piano. It is ideal for home use or for those interested in forming choral societies and glee clubs.

CHAMPION -THEATRE-

SAT. NITE
MAY 7th.

'HOPALONG
RIDES AGAIN'

A Real Western
Picture Featuring—
WM. BOYD

SAT. NITE
MAY 7TH

MOTHER'S
DAY

Sunday, May 8

EXTRA NICE POTTED
PLANTS

FUCHIAS, PETUNIAS

FERNS, and GERANIUMS

"All In Flower"

FROM
25c to \$1.00
CAMPBELL'S

Following is the moisture for the district as recorded by the Searle Grain Co.

Moisture to May 5th: 180
Long time 18
Last year 18
This year to May 5th. 160

Miss Dorothy Hummel is a patient in the Carmangany hospital, having been operated on for appendicitis this morning.

Information concerning the names of persons who have certified seed potatoes for sale, the treatment of the seed and the spraying of the crop when necessary, in Ontario, may be obtained from: O. W. Leachman, Dominion Seed Potato Certification Service, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

Total stocks of grain in Canada as at March 31, 1938 were estimated as follows: wheat 84, 160,585 bushels accompanied with 115,212,298 bushels at the corresponding date in 1937; oats, 77, 927,249 bushels, compared with 100,092,118 bushels in 1937; barley 25,727,624 bushels, compared with 19,756,277 bushels in 1937; rye, 1,984,350 bushels, as against 1,948,919 bushels in 1937, and flaxseed, 527,359 bushels, compared with 888,350 bushels in 1937.

Under the provisions of the British Agricultural Act of 1937 which aims at enriching the soil in order to produce greater production, the British Government has authority to reimburse the farmers for 50 per cent of the cost of the lime or 25 per cent of the basic slag fertilizers applied to their land. The Act offers to promote greater as the better feed for livestock should increase the demand in the United Kingdom for store cattle.

Classified Ads.
Pay



YOU WERE PLANNING THAT

INSURANCE

FOR YOUR FUTURE
Protection

G. K. McLEAN

See Frank Sisson for Potted Plants and Cut Flowers for Mother's Day.

Relief For The Land

While ownership of land brings with it a great many privileges it also entails the assumption of responsibilities and obligations as all who own real property either in urban centres or rural districts have become well aware in recent trying depression years, even if they did not know it or were only dimly appreciative of the fact before.

Two main factors were responsible for this quickening perception of the obligation of ownership of land. One of these is the contraction of private income due to agricultural and economic depression and the other is increasing levies charged against the land on account of growing demands for more and more public services of a social character.

As a result of these conditions owners of real property find themselves between the jaws of a pair of pincers which are gradually closing together and threatening extinction of all owner-ship. As a result of this process the greater part, if not all, land held for speculative purposes, has passed, or is about to pass, into public ownership and a similar fate threatens a substantial percentage of land occupied as homes and even much of it utilized for productive purposes.

Measures Are Temporary

It is true that in Western Canada, at least, governments, both provincial and municipal, have taken steps to prevent immediate confiscation of property occupied by owners as homes, but these are only temporary measures and the time must inevitably come when these protective measures will have to be lifted and property owners left to fend for themselves unless some permanent solution is found.

This solution can only come by major shifts in the bases of taxation and, in the case of municipal taxation, by relieving the land of the necessity of contributing to the cost of social services, which it was never intended it should do.

It is hoped, of course, that when the Rowell Commission on Dominion-Provincial relations submits its report to the Federal Government, the recommendations will provide for lifting from the land a burden which it is incapable of carrying. That the limit of capacity has been not only reached, but passed, is borne out by the testimony received by the commission from provincial and municipal authorities and representatives of numerous organizations, and a similar condition of affairs is evident in the east as well as the west.

Hope For Relief

There lies the hope that some tangible and practical solution of the problem will be reached and implemented. If the east as well as the west is staggering under an insupportable burden it is reasonable to assume that some attention will have to be paid to the problem and some steps taken to remedy the situation.

It might well be pointed out here that theoretically the guiding principles of municipal taxation are the payment of services rendered and payment on the basis of ability to pay. All authorities are agreed upon this. But, services rendered to property as such should be paid for in their entirety by realty owners, and the payment of services should be based on ability to provide for on the basis of ability to pay. When the onus of providing for social services is left on the shoulders of the municipalities, they are placed in an impossible position with the municipal tax base largely or almost entirely confined to taxes on real property.

A Tremendous Increase

"With the development of the service idea of government," as was appropriately stated recently by J. J. Smith, Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs in Saskatchewan, at a recent rural municipal convention, "the services rendered to persons have immeasurably increased, without a corresponding increase in the real estate and personal property tax base. It is bearing far too great a share of the burden of taxation. Increase in land taxation in the United States, in the average farm real estate tax was found to have increased from 24 cents per acre in 1915 to 58 cents in 1929, an increase of 141 per cent. After 1929, the average tax fell until in 1932 it stood at 46 cents. I am sure," he added, "that taxation of farm property in this country would show a similar increase if the figures were available."

"If the services rendered by government continue to develop and increase," continued Mr. Smith, "then sources of wealth other than land must be taxed to meet the cost. Unless this is done, our land will be confiscated through taxation, and we will all become tenants of the State."

Not a Solution

With the continuing growth of demands for more and more social services, debt adjustment will not solve the problem for the land-owning taxpayer. Even after liquidation of present tax indebtedness against land, if this were done on a personal basis, the tax rate would still continue to amount to meet the cost of the additional services requested, if they are to be provided.

It is, therefore, quite evident, that there must be a realignment of the incidence of taxation if the municipal taxpayer is to be relieved, and that involves changes in the bases of taxation in all spheres—Federal, Provincial and Municipal.

A World's Record

Australian Harvest 3,300 Bushels Of Wheat A Day

A world's harvesting record has just been made by three men on a crop of 700 acres in the Wimmera wheat belt of Victoria, Australia.

Using a modern "auto-header" which strips the heads of grain and bags them in one operation, they harvested 3,300 bushels in one day. They began at 5:45 a.m. and finished at 8:45 p.m. For hurried meals the crew dropped from the machine singly, and the driver not at all. The machine was stopped only at intervals for removing the bagged grain and for oiling parts of the mechanism. The yield of wheat was 42½ bushels to the acre.

"Is that a pedantic dog?"
"My word, if he only knew his pedigree, he would look at such people as you and me."

Railways of Italy carried nearly 100,000,000 passengers last year.

WAKE UP LIKE A CAVE MAN

Feel Full of Life—No More Tired, Dull, Heavy Mornings

Keep your liver healthy and you'll feel great every morning. It's the liver that keeps your liver in its out of order. Your liver cleans the blood of poisons, separates the nourishing part of your food from the waste. Supplies energy to muscles, bones and glands—gives red blood, helps stomach, kidneys and intestines to work properly. Movement isn't enough. "Fruit-A-Tives" made from fruits and herbs, will actually build up your liver and clean it out. You'll be amazed how well you are every morning. Try Fruit-A-Tives. All drug stores.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIVER TONIC

Home Of Lord Lister

Many Visit Place Where Discoverer Of Antibodies Was Born

Lord Lister, who by his discoveries in antiseptics "saved more lives than all the wars in all the world," is buried in the Hampstead cemetery, Fortune Green Road, London. John Weir, youngest son of St. Mary's Hospital in Plaistow, tells the following story: "Lord Lister was born in a house in Upton Lane, West Ham, which is now St. Peter's Vicarage. Visitors are always calling there to see and almost worship in the room where he first saw the light of day. Recently a Canadian doctor stood for half an hour in silent tribute in that room. Some years ago the vicar's youngest son dreamed that he saw a kindly old gentleman by his bedside in that room. 'God bless you,' said the man. 'I was born in this room and when you grow up you will be a doctor, too.' The boy told his father that he never felt afraid and added, 'And I will be a doctor.' That boy is shortly entering a London hospital as a student."

Doctor Is Good Runner

In celebration of his 80th birthday, Dr. George H. Hammond of New York ran four miles. "I could have run a couple of miles more, but I didn't want to tire myself," he said at the finish. For 63 years Dr. Hammond has run three miles three times a week. It keeps him in fine fettle, he says.

The odorous cabbage developed at Cornell University will be on the market in about two years.

Tobacco gets its name from to-bago, an Indian pip

2203

HAPPY ROLLING WITH OGDEN'S



If you're looking for a keen partner in rolling your own, look out with OGDEN'S Fine Cut Cigarette Tobacco. OGDEN'S roll a cigarette cigarette—smooth, cooler, mellower smoke, and wise "roll-your-owners" have proved it. Use the best papers, of course—the "Chantrelle" or "Vogel".



Britain's Difficult Position

Calls For Sympathetic Understanding Instead Of Harsh Criticism

It is evident that Britain is not strong enough to protect all her interests and to fulfill all her obligations at one and the same time in the North Atlantic, in continental Europe, in the Mediterranean, and in the Orient. She has three fronts. She is challenged by three formidable adversaries. And she does not have sufficient force to resist them all.

It is probable, therefore, that the hesitating character of British policy arises not out of moral delinquency, as so many Americans are only too ready to believe, but out of the grim necessity to choose either to abandon many of her most important interests altogether or to come to terms with one or perhaps two of the powerful nations that are challenging her.

The British position is in all truth difficult, and since we are not prepared to help the British in their difficulties, the least we can do is to give them sympathetic understanding rather than to pass harsh and hasty judgment upon them.—Walter Lippman, in Detroit Free Press.

Pact With Ulster

New Financial Arrangements Made With Great Britain

Viscount Craigavon, prime minister of Northern Ireland, announced new financial arrangements with Great Britain intended to offset Northern Ireland's losses under the treaty between Britain and Ireland.

Lord Craigavon said Northern Ireland would receive substantial British armament orders, benefits under British agricultural subsidies, and unemployment insurance. He said there also would be general financial arrangements between the London and Belfast exchequers.

Loans Estates In Austria

Baron Alton Rothschald took three big estates in proceedings before a court in Fleming, Lower Austria. The baron is reported to have fled the country. The court held the estates "became property of the Reich to repair damages Rothschald inflicted on the former Austrian state treasury."

Mrs. A. O-B, did I tell you my husband bought a new car?

Friend—But, my dear, I didn't know you could drive.

Mrs. A. O-B. I drove him into buying it.



"All right! If you don't like the blazer I bought you, throw it overboard. But don't you take it off!"—Sydney Blazer, Australia.

Canada's Modern Fur Industry

Silver Fox The Most Important

Beaver Production

Fur farming now plays an important part in the fur trade of Canada, supplying approximately forty per cent. of the total raw fur production of the Dominion. This modern fur industry has made great strides during the last 15 years and, in more, the number of fur farms averaging from less than a thousand in 1920 to 8,140 at the end of 1936. The total for that year comprised 7,007 fox farms, 910 mink, 83 raccoon, 20 fisher, 5 bulwer, 2 martens, 2 fisher, 1 muskrat and 17 beaver farms. The number of animals on the farms was 221,015 valued at \$9,837,760; the principal kinds being 161,696 silver foxes valued at \$8,345,922 and 14,681 mink valued at \$1,213,613. The total revenue of the fur farming industry in 1936 was \$4,900,290 of which \$7,071,922 from the sale of pelts and \$829,081 from the sale of live fur-bearing animals. Silver foxes were by far the most important revenue producers, accounting for \$4,900,290 of the year's total.

The principal source of fur farming revenue is now the sale of pelts, but in the early days of fur farming, when there were comparatively few farms and the supply of raw furs was limited, fabulous prices were paid for the live animals that were required as breeding stock for new farms, both at home and abroad. The price of a pair of silver foxes at that time went as high as \$300, whereas today the price of a pair of silver foxes averages about \$110. Now that the fur farming industry is firmly established with large numbers of farms in all the provinces, the demand for live animals has diminished and the fur farmers have turned their attention to the raising of animals primarily for the pelts. In 1920 the value of pelts sold from fur farms represented only 34 per cent. of the total fur farm revenue, whereas in 1935 the value of pelt sales was about 87 per cent. of the whole.

Mongolian Purge

Large Stores Of Arms And Ammunition Have Been Seized

A purge rivaling that in Russia was carried out in outer Mongolia recently to crush an allegedly Japanese inspired plot to overthrow the government of that Soviet protectorate, according to belated advices received.

The newspaper Berzhovsk quoted the outer Mongolia government order, People's Right, that large stores of arms, ammunition and light cannon had been seized. It said the first evidence of the plot was uncovered at a trial in January, 1937.

Since then a purge has been going on and the newspaper said that no information was available as to the number executed but it was indicated that the purge would rival that in the Soviet Union proper in which some 2,000 were executed.

Must Move Quickly

A record total of at least 35,000 tons of freight must be moved "down" north by boat from Waterways Area during the short river season which will open soon. Col. James K. Cornwall, veteran contractor, said in an interview at Edmonton.

A Simple Explanation

Hens cackle after the laying of an egg because their ancestors, the jungle fowls, did it before them, and the jungle fowls did it because, after taking time for laying eggs, it was necessary for the hens to signal their whereabouts to the rest of the wandering flock.

Between 50 and 60 thousand persons depend on fishing for their livelihood in Hull, England's greatest fishing port.

Ireland now has about 105,000 registered unemployed.



"All right! If you don't like the blazer I bought you, throw it overboard. But don't you take it off!"—Sydney Blazer, Australia.

"JUST ACROSS THE STREET..."



Yes...they're using Gyproc in their building—all the interior walls and ceilings.

The contractor knows that more and more people are using Gyproc as they learn about Gyproc's many advantages that won't crack or sag or warp; that it's made from fireproof mineral gypsum that is permanent. Gyproc is as easy to cut and as lumber. Saves time and expense in construction, with no muss or bother.

Yes, I asked him about that—the points are invisible—the finished wall and ceiling—absolutely smooth—perfect for any type of decorating.

Free booklet tells all about Gyproc for new buildings. Write us to-day.

C538



Gypsum, Lime and Alabaster
Canada, Limited
VANCOUVER CALGARY WINNIPEG TORONTO MONTREAL

For Glasgow Exhibition

Canada's War History

Robot Portrays Working Of Human Body In Detail

An 11-foot robot that will show the working of the human body will be exhibited at the Glasgow Empire Exhibition in May.

The robot torso is made in half-section. Every bodily process is translated into machinery. The heart is a pump at work; the eye is a camera. The torso breathes.

Food can be seen passing from mouth into stomach, and from the stomach through the processes of digestion until food products are delivered to the blood stream. Food is represented by colored balls such as conulars use—red for meat, yellow for fat and white for carbohydrates.

Sections of the robot's brain lit up with words or symbols to illustrate its workings. "I love" shows the seat of the emotions; "I will" shows the seat of will power. Notes of music illustrate creative imagination, and a bookshelf how memory stores and preserves.

Dials in the brain record heartbeats, breathing and body temperature. At a signal from the centre in the brain a light flashes in the shoulder and muscles represented by cog wheels start to move.

The creator of the robot is Richard Huws, a Welsh naval architect. He is working night and day to finish his mechanical man, which will be worked by a small electric motor.

SELECTED RECIPES

COFFEE CAKE

Temperature: 400 degrees F.
1 1/2 cups bread flour
1 cup "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup
1 cup milk
1/2 cup sugar
2 teaspoons baking powder
1/2 teaspoon salt
1 egg

Sift together the flour, sugar, baking powder and salt. Cut in the shortening with a dough blender. Beat the egg until light, then add the milk and the "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup. Add to the flour mixture and mix just as little as possible. Spread the top with melted butter by cog wheels on lightly the following mixture:

2 tablespoons butter
2 tablespoons "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup
2 teaspoons "Crown Brand" Starch
1/2 cup raisins or cookie crumbs
1/2 teaspoon cinnamon
This crumb mixture should be well mixed before putting into the top of the batter. Bake the Coffee Cake in a hot oven and serve hot.

Queen Mary Dislikes Jazz

Queen Mary does not like modern dance music. Shortly before she laid the foundation stone of the new St. Helier hospital at Sturges, a program of music for the ceremony was sent for her approval. She intimated that she did not like modern music, and particularly jazz. She said she preferred light operatic music, Dr. waltzes. She approved a program which included waltzes and a gavotte.

Foreman: "What's up, Bill, 'ut yourself!"

Bill: "No gotta nail in me back."

Foreman: "Why doncher take it out, then?"

Bill: "Wat in me dinner hour?"

IF I COULD ONLY GET AN UNBROKEN NIGHT'S REST!



Use time and space because of kidney trouble. You need a good night's sleep. Take GIN PILLS for the kidneys. They will help you get a good night's sleep through their work.

278

GIN PILLS

FOR THE KIDNEYS

The Chronicle

C. A. Marshall Editor & Publisher

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SUBSCRIPTIONS

To subscribers in Canada \$1.50 per year; United States, England and Foreign Countries \$2.00 per year. All strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES

Contract rates supplied on application. Classified, strayed, etc., not exceeding 30 words, 10c for first insertion; three insertions for \$1.00; strictly payable in advance.

Legal and Municipal Advertising 12c per line for first insertion and 10c per line for each subsequent insertion. Accounts rendered monthly.

Thursday, May 5th, 1938

The following table shows percentage of wheat seeding in the 17 years, only 10% of the seeding was done on April 30, in each year from 1921 to 1937, together with the total provincial yield of wheat in each year.

It is interesting to note, that in 1927 our biggest crop year in the 17 years, only 10% of the seeding was done on April 30.

Then again in 1928 with only 6% of seeding done there was only a difference of 280 000 less of the 1927 mark.

Year	% of Seeding	Yield per Bush
1921	58	53 044
1922	38	61 697
1923	52	107 854
1924	11	61 312
1925	23	97 082
1926	34	113 060
1927	19	171 280
1928	6	171 000
1929	36	102 534
1930	61	132 909
1931	55	149 093
1932	17	167 355
1933	10	94 500
1934	48	112 500
1935	8	102 000
1936	5	86 000
1937	45	74 000

FOR SALE - Have map in Gas Engine Beatty Washer, Cash or terms Apply to Box A, Chronicle.

WINDSOR'S

801-11th Avenue West, Calgary
WE WILL PAY
the following prices for L.C. Calgary Eggs until the next issue of this paper:
Grade A Medium, 12c per dozen
Grade B 12c per dozen
Grade C 10c per dozen
Also buyers of dressed poultry

COAL

With our new COAL CUTTER now in operation we can give our patrons better service, with cleaner, and larger Lump Coal. Order yours today \$2.50 ton at Mine \$3.50 DELIVERED IN TOWN
THERRIAULT COAL MINE, GEO. RHODES, Operator, Phone 1213

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In Champion Friday only

CARMANGAY

Mrs. L. A. Starok is visiting Mrs. Bob Henson at Longview.

Mr. and Mrs. Glen Peacock of Calgary were week end visitors at the home of Glen's mother.

Rev H. G. Smith accompanied by Mrs. Folk and Mrs. Dayman attended the Freshery meeting in Blackie last Tuesday.

A big improvement to the appearance of the cemetery has been accomplished by a number of energetic citizens under the direction of E. J. Rowley who gathered up all debris and had the weeds gathered and burnt. The town will build a cistern to contain a water supply, so that hedding plants, trees and shrubs can be given proper care during the season

SUDDEN DEATH OF JOSHUA BAXTER

Joshua Baxter of this district succumbed to heart attack while securing a fence on his farm last Tuesday.

The late Mr. Baxter was in town Tuesday morning and appeared to be in good health.

The horse he had been riding returned home, and his son Floyd immediately rode out to locate his father and found him along side of the fence where he had been working.

The deceased who was in his 80th year, came to Canada from the United States in 1911, and took up land in the Carmangay district where he has resided until his death.

He is survived by his wife, two sons and three daughters. The doctor and police were notified. No inquest was necessary. Funeral arrangements have been completed.

Hospital Notes

Roy McLeod, patient. Blanche Heward of Granum, doing well following appendicitomy.

Bert Eckland, doing well.

H. Blue, admitted May 2. Florence Brownell, doing well. Luv Louie, progressing favorably.

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TESTED RECIPES SPRINGTIME FOODS

With the approach of spring comes a yearning for lighter foods, and every-one welcomes a change from the more or less heavy meals which are served during the winter months. It is natural that each new food such as asparagus, rhubarb, and asparagus, which appears on the market as spring progresses, is heralded with delight, and that other foods which suit the spring-time taste are in popular demand.

The following recipes suggest a few of the many foods which seem to be rightly associated with warm spring days, and should prove effective in whetting lagging appetites.

Eggs a la King

3 tablespoons butter.
2 tablespoons minced onion.
1 cup mushrooms, sliced.
1 tablespoon chopped green pepper.
3 tablespoons flour.
1 cup milk.
2 tablespoons chopped pimiento.
6 hard-cooked eggs.
1 egg yolk.
Salt and pepper.
Cook onion in butter 5 minutes. Add mushrooms and green pepper and cook until mushrooms are delicately browned. Blend in flour. Add milk and cook, stirring constantly, until mixture thickens. Cook 10 minutes. Add pimiento and hard-cooked eggs cut in quarters. Pour some of sauce over beaten egg yolk and stir into sauce. Cook one minute. Serve on toast. One-half cup green peas may be added in place of green pepper and pimiento.

CREDIT

It belongs to you—the community does not own it.

* *

BANKS live by lending.

That is their major source of income, their principal business. They are always on the lookout for good risks. They have to avoid poor ones.

Let us give an instance. Suppose, say, a man seeking a bank loan, is known to the banker as having no business capacity to carry out the purpose for which he wants the money. He is not credit-worthy—he has accumulated nothing, has no stake.

The banker, anxious though he is to make loans, knows there is not the remotest chance that this man would succeed in his purpose and tells the would-be borrower that the bank cannot take the risk.

But this man has a friend—a man who has accumulated something and has a stake. Hearing of his neighbour's difficulty, he goes to the bank and urges that the loan be made.

"Whose money would you have me lend him?" asks the manager. "You have a deposit here. Would you lend your own money?"

"Not on your life," retorts Mr. Blank. "Lend him the bank's money."

The bank manager, as custodian of this very man's own money, then takes pains to point out that what the substantial citizen is really expecting is that the bank should make a loan which the citizen's own common sense and caution would compel him to refuse.

Before such a man leaves the bank he usually agrees that he had expected the bank to lend to where he himself would be unwilling. Banks have no magic source of credit.

Here is the core of the whole business of a bank's extending credit. Because of the bank's responsibility to its depositors it can make loans only where repayment is reasonably certain.

To obtain a loan from a bank a borrower must have credit of his own. Seldom, if ever, is his credit spendable. You cannot spend cattle, goods in process of manufacture, uncaught fish, uncut timber, or wheat in the granary.

The bank has credit too. Millions of small depositors have, in effect, lent it their money. A percentage of this money, based on bank experience of withdrawals, is kept in cash, some more in items of a cash nature, more still in assets quickly convertible into cash, and more in safe investments such as marketable government and other bonds. Based upon this, the bank can extend credit.

Because people have confidence in bank credit, and because every promise-to-pay of a

chartered bank is redeemable in cash, on demand, or on a fixed date, this form of credit is spendable.

In the case of the borrower, credit is the personal possession or attribute of the individual—you yourself, if you are the borrower—in character, goods, possessions, integrity, ability and willingness to repay.

Your credit is not social, in the sense of belonging to the community. When you have credit, it is your own just as your money in a savings account is your own. The people at large have no conceivable claim upon it.

Who monetizes credit?

The answer for all practical purposes is this: The man who owns and therefore controls his credit is the individual. The bank does not get it. He goes to the bank and asks it to enable him to obtain credit in spendable form in exchange for his own unspendable credit. The bank does so; and charges him the interest in the form of interest, until he repays.

What happens when he secures this credit in spendable form?

He spends it.

He pays the wages of labour, the cost of raw materials and of manufacture; the cost of seed, of feed for hogs and cattle, or the expenses of cultivating and harvesting; of buying bait or catching fish; of cutting trees or transporting goods.

The whole banking process is made possible by the concentration and cautious handling of other people's money.

Banks simply dare not risk their own solvency and so jeopardize the safety of their depositors' funds, by making loans to people who have neither character nor credit—not by making loans even to those who have both, without taking every reasonable precaution to ensure repayment.

THE CHARTERED BANKS OF CANADA

Your local branch bank manager will be glad to talk banking with you. He will be glad to answer your questions, from the standpoint of his own experience. The next article in this series will appear in this newspaper. Watch for it.

NEW MEMBERS UNITY COUNCIL

Agreement of six prominent Albertans to act on his provincial Unity Council, was announced by John I. McFarland, of Calgary, this week.

The new Council members are: Mrs. Irene Paribby, Alix J. Percey Page, internationally known coach of the Edmonton Grads; W. D. Spence, former Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs, and chairman of Alberta Tax Commission, Edmonton; Francis Austin, farmer, Ranfurly; J. Harold McLaughlin, farmer, Spruce Grove; and D. McKinnon, farmer, Carleton Place.

Names of additional men and women to bring the Council to a total 36 will be announced, stated Mr. McFarland, and a meeting in early summer is scheduled.

FOR SALE

1 Mahogany grained heater
1 Cement mixer
1 Steel tray wheel barrow
1 Buffet

Kitchen table

Good Implements, Carpenter

Tools. 1 ten gallon crock.

Some odds and ends.

APPLY TO

Mrs. E. Crantz
CARMANGAY

CHAMPION GROCETERIA

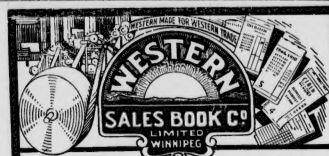
Peanut butter, quart jars	40c
Old Colony pure maple syrup, per quart	60c
Rhubarb, 5 lbs.	25c
Fancy apples, 3 and a half pounds	25c
Arizona Grape Fruit, 5 for	25c
Tomatoes, choice quality, 2 tins	25c
Libby's Sauer Kraut, per tin	20c

Turnips, Parsnips, Cabbage and Onions

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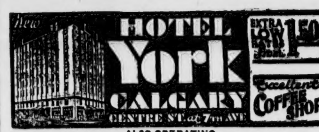


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The Chronicle, Champion, Alta



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Spring-time calls for this-and-that, to make your plans work out the best, so, if you want to sell, or maybe buy, you can't go wrong with one of our classified ads. 50 cents for one insertion, or three for \$1.00.

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THE CHRONICLE

The Chronicle for Fine Job PRINTING